Land Commissionership.

MAJOR WARNER HAS DECLINED.

Business Reasons the Cause-Gen. Merrill, of Boston, Now Tarked of-Mr. Curtis Receives Omaha's Telegram.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE OMAHA BRE,

513 FOURTERNTA STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16. Judge Lewis A. Groff, of Omaha, as anticipated some weeks ago in these dispatches, was to-day appointed commissioner of the general land office. President Harrison has been inclined for two or three months to appoint Judge Groff, but there were strong appeals made for the appointment first of ex-Senator Chillcott, of Denver, then of ex-Congressman John R. Thomas, of Illinois, The exceedingly influential indersement of those gentlemen only served to delay the appointment, for Groff grew stronger with time. The selection is universally popular, as the new commissioner is well known by reputation in Washington. At the interior department many of the officials know him. and he is regarded as not only an able lawyer of upright character, but as one in full accord with the best interests of a government that wishes to do well with the honest people who have to do with the public domain. The appointment is an excellent one in every way. It is no secret that Secretary Noble preferred to have the assistant commissioner elevated to the commissionership, but the president regarded Judge Groff, who is but forty-seven years old, and full of the vicor of life and an active, thoroughly western man, well-read in law and conversant with land matters, as more capable to administer the affairs of the office than one who has upon his shoulders the cares of almost three score and ten years. It is understood that Groff will assume charge of the land office as soon as possible.

Senator Paddock has been receiving congratulations to-day upon his having secured two or three important appointments during the few days he has been here, but he says that his colleagues of the congressional delegation are entitled to equal credit with himself. He says that Representative Connell in all the work here has gone to the front in a manner indicating that when he gets his hand in he is going to be a useful and influential member. Senator Paddock says he is of course greatly gratified that his state should receive the most important bureau chiefship in the gov-ernment; that the commissionership of the general land offices takes rank before all other bureau offices and stands next to a cabinet office in importance as well as rank.

WARNER DECLINES. Missouri will not fill the office of commissloner of pensions. Major Warner, of Kan-sas City, has finally declined to accept the appointment. He so informed the president at Deer park last night, and when he arrived in Washington this afternoon reiterated his determination to continue the practice of law and to keep out of public life. Great pressure was brought to bear upon Major Warner by friends in the Grand Army and in public life to accept the appointment, and he was, until during the last twenty-four hours, very much inclined to do so, but he at last concluded that he could not arrange his professional business advantageously, and that it would be better for him in a financial way to continue the practice of law. He will remain in Washington for two or three days and then return to his home

It is now believed that General George S. Merrill, of Boston, who is the insurance commissioner for Massachusetts, will receive the appointment. General Merrili is a prominent member of the G. A. R., is about fifty years old, and is said to possess the necessary qualifications to enable him to make an efficient commissioner. OMAHA'S TELEGRAM RECEIVED.

Mr. William E. Curtis, the special agent of the department of state, who has charge of the arrangements for the international American congress which assembles in Washington next month, and which is to make an excursion to the west in the latter part of October, received a telegram from Mayor Broatch stating that the city counci of Omaha had appointed a committee to recive and entertain the congress, and asking for further information on the subject. BEE correspondent to-night asked Mr. Curtis f he could say anything further than he has already said on the subject, and he replied: "Only that I am giad to know that the people of Omaha are awakened to the ests, and I will to-morrow forward to the mayor all the information in my possession regarding the visit there. We shall reach Omaha on Saturday, the 26th of October, about noon and remain there until about midnight of Sunday, reaching Des Moines for breakfast the following day. There will probably be sixty people in the party. At the last returns there were fifty-There may be two or three more, per haps two or three less, and they will consist of the delegates from Central and South America with their secretaries, about forty in all and a committee of escort from the Spanish American Commercial union, of New York, who will act as interpreters to explain things to the guests. There will also be a representative of the president and secretary of state, with three of our news-paper men from South America who have come up here to attend men from the come up he and have come up here to attend the congress, and representatives of the Associated press and the United press of this country. There will be no ladies it

the party."
"What are you going to see in Omaha!" "Well, it is the only place where we will have an opportunity to see any soldiers, and the delegates will be all interested in visiting Fort Omaha and meeting the officers of the army there. It will be also interesting to see the smelting and refining works which they will not have an opportunity to see else-where, and then the great bridge and the river, and the city of Omaha itself will be an attraction for them, for all the delegates except those of the Argentine Republic come, from countries where a new city has

not been started for two or three hundred Who pays the expenses of the party?" "The government pays the cutire expense, although in many of the cities where we stop the party will be the guests of the citizens who will pay their hotel bills, carriage hire, etc. Still this is not necessary and it is only pointed out because it is thought that a much better impression would be created upon the minds of the delegates if they know they are accepting the hospitality of the citizens as

well as of the general government.
"What have been the arrangements of "A committee has usually been appointed to receive the delegates upon their and to escort them about the town, and it would be well if such a committee was appointed at Omaha and meet the party at Sioux City where they will spend Saturday morning before their arrival at Omaha."

NO NEWS FROM LIEUT. PORTER. Relatives and friends of Esse Porter, son f Admiral Porter, are much distressed over his continued absence. About six month ago Licutenant Porter entered the service of Legitime in the Hayties war. The Legitime government agreed to give him \$6,000 a year, and to insure his life for \$25,000. No tidings have been received from him since early in the summer, and as Legitime's army has been disbanded, his friends are naturally, very anxious about his safety. This is not Porter's first experience in the service of a foreign government as he was a solvent in ign government, as he was a colonel in edive's army some years ago, and won

THE ENGLISH SYNDICATE.

A VICTORY FOR NEBRASKA. learned that the representative of a large English syndicate had acrived for the purpose of buying a number of business establishments. He proposed to purchase several of the largest large goods, grocery, hardware and other establishments and run them on the same general plans that they have been con-ducted, but in the interest of alien pro-prietors. The syndicate will not buy a single store bere and there, but wants a number of them, so as to give employment to a general superintendent of sufficient ability to command a large trade. It is believed that imported goods are to be introduced on as large a scale as possible. The same syndicate is said to be interested in the purchase of breweries in this locality. When the establishments are secured the syndicate will invest much more capital than is now employed and make the opposition to resident shopkeepers decidedly lively. The same plan is proposed in a number of the leading cities in the west. It is stated that Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Omaha and other large cities are to be visited by this representative with a view to purchasing business establishments of various kinds.

MISS BLAINE'S ENGAGEMENT. The reported engagement between Miss Margaret Blaine and Mr. Walter Damroch, of New York, the son of the eminent composer, is believed by the Washington friends of the young lady to be a fact. The people of the young lady to be a fact. The peoble who have been spending the summer at Bar Harbor say that Mr. Damroch has spent a good deal of time at the Blaine mansion, and his devotion to Miss Margaret has been of an unmistakable character. He seems to have the confidence and friendship of her parents as well as of herseif, and the handsomest en-tertainment Mr. Blaine has given during the summer was a luncheon in his honor.

NEBRASKA AND IOWA POSTMASTERS. Nebraska-Bodaire, Sioux county, L. W. Brynan; Doniphan, Hall county, Isaac C. Magie; Lindsay, Platte county, Samuel K. Painter; Manley, Cass county, Burton H. Shaw; Perkins, Perkins county, Mrs. Maggle E. Carver. Maggie E. Carver.

Iowa—Boyden, Sioux county, R. W. Allen,
Calliope, Sioux county, W. E. West; Holstlen, Ida county, W. F. Judsish; Primghar,
O'Brien county, George J. Clark,
PERRY S. HEATH.

BISHOP FOWLER'S FEARS.

China Will Some Day Wade in American Blood.

Chicago, Sept. 16 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Bishop Fowler, of San Francisco, who has just completed a trip around the glove, this morning expressed the belief that ten years hence America would pay for its anti-Chinese laws with the blood of her citizens.

Bishop Fowler was at one time paster of the Centenary church in this city.

He occupied the entire session of the Methodist ministers to-day in speaking about his observations of missionary work abroad. the object of his trip was to personally inspect the workings of foreign missions. In speaking of the law prohibiting the

Chinese from coming to America, Bishop Fowler said it was the most dastardly and disgusting thing that America ever did, "and," he said, with a slow emphasis, which was very impressive, "it will be paid for some day by the blood of some of America's best men. China is not asleep," he said. "They talk little, but they think. In some of the interior towns I met Chinamen who would surprise you by their knowledge You lowed landes in China! they ask 'Yes,' I replied. 'Chinaman no lowed to land 'Yes, I replied. 'Chinaman no lowed to land in Melica,' the reply, 'why you lowed come here.' One man said to me one day, 'Me no Clistian or me sendee you way.' I tell you they are thinking and trouble is breeding. The greatest prince in China said to me one day. We are looking after our home interests now. Ten years will put Chica in we meant by triffing with her treaty.

Bishop Fowfer referred to Japan as one spot where missionaries should be sent as presenting a preater future than all others. be sent as The work there, he said, would have to b all done within a few years. For heathen an done within a few years. For neather they were in advance of all other countries and were discussing which religion they should adopt, the Lutheran of Ger-many or the Episcopai of England. They had decided against the Catholic church. The Japanese form of government should be considered. Bishop Fowler said, next to that of England, although a loyal American he considered the best in vorld, for it stood nearer to the will of the

people than any other. CHOOSING COX'S SUCCESSOR.

There Will Be a Lively Scramble for

the Place. NEW YORK, Sept. 16,-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-With the death and burial of S. S. Cox, the subject of the succession in congress has become a live topic among pollticians. With the present strained relations between the two democratic factions it is a question whether they can agree on a candidate to succeed Cox. Tammany is not ready to relinquish its grip in congress, but the county democracy is bent on trying to regain some of its lost prestige this fall, and pursuant to that policy means to fight for anything and everything. Among the men talked of for the vacancy caused by the death of Cox are ex Register Reilly, Daniel Dougherty, General McMahon, ex-Surveyor Beattle, Henry Bischof the banker, Herman Oelrichs, Brewer Clausen, Louis Strekler, ex-Senator Daly, ex-Mayor Hewitt and Carl Schurz. Ex-Reg ister Reilly is now abroad. He is much talked of by Tammany leaders, but they fear they cannot induce him to stand, as he has such large business interests which demand his personal attention. Tamnany is proud of "Dan" Dougherty, and it is generally believed the eloquent lawyer has political aspirations. Some of the Tammany men think congress is the only place where Mr. Dougherty's oratorical ability can shine to advantage, and they need a brilliant aker there now that W. Bourke Cockran

Carl Schurz and ex-Mayor Hewitt are, of curse, the men proposed by the county aders. Mr. Schurz is very popular with the German residents of the district.

Indian Appointments.

Washington, Sept. 16 .- Secretary Noble appointed R. V. Belt assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, A. M. Tinker, Indian inspector and G. W. Parker special Indian agent of the commission to negotiate with the Sissetan and Wanpeton Indians, Dak., for the surrender of 689,000 acres of their lands. The Indians on the Sisseton reservation have already agreed to take lands in Severalty. The commission is instructed not to enter upon its duties until after patents in Severalty for 127,887 acres have een delivered, which will probably be done ithin the present month. Each maie is tian of Sisseton and Wahpeton tribes, over twenty-one years, who receives land in Severalty under the general allotment act of February 8, 1887, thereby becomes a citien of the United States.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, Sept. 16 - Special Telegram to THE BRE.]-Pensions have been granted Nebraskans as follows: Original invalid-Warren Rucker, Win. Luckey, Chambers. Increase-Samuel C.

Davis, Belthazer Myers, David Mayo, Jasper Dye, Geo. W. Sheibley, Rueben A. Watts, Otto Leifer, alias Lifer, Pensions allowed Iowans: Original In-Pensions allowed Iowans: Original Invalid—Israel A. Dean, William Crawford, Theodore Clothier, Joseph M.
Parker and Benjamin Brown, John
K Teter, Allen J. Burgess, Surl Brown,
Patrick Rafferty, Increase—Joseph Rayburn, Henry M. Manchell, James R. Underwood, Edwin J. Aldrich, Wesley McNeave,
Austin E. Crawford, John O. Prichard, Wilson, Benry Russell, Original Considerable of a flurry was created in commercial circles here today when it was widows-Nancy A., widow of John W. Long.

A Through 85 Cent Rate From New York to St. Paul.

THE BIGGEST SURPRISE YET.

THE LATEST B. & N. SENSATION.

Traffic Manager Hamblin Will Electrify the Western Freight Folks With an Announcement To-Day.

A Bailroad Astonisher. CHICAGO, Sept. 16.-Traffic Manager

Hambiin, of the Burlington & Northern, has in store for the members of the Western Freight association the biggest surprise he has yet sprung. Tomorrow morning, in the meeting of the

association, he will announce a through tariff from New York to St. Paul on an 85 None of the lines thought there was the least chance of the eastern roads joining

none of them will know it before tomorrow's meeting unless notified by the readers of this Said Mr. Hamblin to your representative to-night: "It will be premature to tell before hand the roads which will toin us in publishing the through tariff. We will give proper notice to the association to-morrow.

in the publication of a through tariff, and

Oh, no; we didn't have any difficulty in getting the eastern lines to publish the tariff. You see, this one applies at the intermediate stations. Because the former ones did not is the reason the eastern lines refused to prorate on northwestern business. I see no possible objection to the through tariff we will announce, especially in view of our reduction in local rates. We have fought and

bied for a share of the through business and will get it now."

To-day's session of the Western Freight association was given over mainly to the consideration of plans to prevent the spread of the low St. Paul rates. From the peculiar 'y" shape of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City, the top of one branch being Chicago. the top of the other St. Paul, the base St. Joseph and Kansas City and the junction, Oelwein, it is soon to hold the key to the situation. The reduction in local rates of 33% per cent, must apply proportionately to Oelwein. Whether the reduction shall extend further on the St. Joseph & Kansas City stem of the "y" is for the officials of the road to say. In reference to this matter, President Stickney, who arrived in Chicago to-day from his European trip, would say nothing. He realizes keenly, however, how fate has put into his hands a lever which properly used will turn an immense quantity of freight to his road. He refused to state his position, however, and unless something turns up in the meantime will wait until the 24th, when his demand for a division of the traffic under the rules of the Inter-State Commerce Railway associa-tion will be heard by Chairman Walker. A member of the latter association said to your

representative to-night:
"Luck is sometimes better than sense.
Without lifting a hand the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City has been given the key to the whole situation. The Missouri river lines are fairly coining money now, and will continue to do so for six months if the rates keep up. It is almost wholly in the hands of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City to say whether they will or will not. The lowa Central runs through Marshalltown, which may compel the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City to extend the low rates to that point, but, thank Providence, we only have one line to deal with west of Marshall-town. We don't pretend to disguise our anxiety to keep the rates from getting to the Missouri river. It will mean disaster to the most of us. It will be hard enough scrubbing with the low rates in force at St. Paul. Of course if the low rates get in at St. Joseph they must be made at St. Louis, Hannibal, Omaha and Kansas City. Then good-by to our dreams of fat earnings. ion't really believe the rates will be carried to the Missouri. Of course the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City would benefit by the prestige of establishing the low rates, but it will benefit much more by the trade we will turn over to it for not lowering Stickney is amenable to reason enough to

see the point." There is no denying the anxiety felt lest the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City extend the reduction to the Missouri. It is distincty remembered that the main reason that road before gave for threatening to extend the first cut of the Burlington & Northern to the Missouri was that if they did not do it voluntarily the lows railroad commissioners would compel them to do it. That this fear may become a reality is perhaps the main reason for the present anxiety. The lowa commissioners have a way of taking things in their own hands and it may prove em-barassing for the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City to show why it carries traffic on a 40-cent basis on one line and a 70-cent basis on the other. This matter was thoroughly ventilated at to-day's meeting of the Western Freight association and no satissolution could be given. It leemed vain to trust to the leniency of the Iowa commissioners, as it was freely hinted that leniency was not in the commissioner's vocabulary. Exactly the same state of affairs had arisen before, and in every case the commissioners had decided that the lowest rate must be the maximum rate within

If the association recovers sufficiently from the bombshell Mr. Hamblin will explode to marrow some other solution of the lifficulty may be found, though the members acknowledge their inability in that

Railroad Officials Indicted. NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 16 -- It is said here that the Middlesex county grand jury has indicted General E. H. Ripley, of New York, president; Colonel T. C. Hobart, of Red Bank, N. J., vice president, and all the officers and directors of the Rariton River railroad company; also N. P. Headrickson, general passenger agent; Thomas Hussey, foreman for the company, and Will iam Fisher as accessories to the killing o

George Gessinger during the Saverville riot

and Edwim Furman.

Contractors Sue the C. M. & N MILWAUKEE, Sept. 16 .- A special from Madison, Wis., says Drake & Stratton, of New York, prominent railroad contractors, have commenced suit in the United States circuit court here to secure the payment of a claim of about \$100,000, which they have preferred against the Chicago, Madison & Northern railread company, the northern branch of the Illinois Central. They assert that they executed their part of the contract faithfully, but that they were put to vast expeases by the company by being required to perform certain kinds of work in an unceasonable manner, and in various other

The Visible Supply. CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—The visible supply for the week ending Sept. 14, as compiled by the secretary of the Chicago poard of trade, is as follows: Wheat...... 15,698,000 Corn 12,802,000
Oats 5,915,000
Rye 1,074,000

Barley 423,000 Mexico's Independence Anniversary. CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 14 .- To-day the anniversary of Mexico's independence was celebrated throughout the country Jmmense crowds filled the streets of this city, cheering for President Diaz as the "Apostle of Peace."

IVES' RASCALITY.

OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1889.

His Private Secretary Gives Some Samples of It.

New York, Sept. 16 .- When the trial of Henry S. Ives was resumed this morning Woodruff, the former's secretary and later secretary of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road, was called to the witness stand. The witness testified that in June, 1886, Ives told him to make out 402,000 shares of stock of that road, which he did. Five more certificates of 200 shares each were also made out by him. They were all made out in the names of Clark, employed by Ives & Co., and were signed by Stayner. On further examination the witness said that Ives told him (Woodruff) that he owed Zimmerman \$100,000 and that the collateral had been de-manded. He ordered Woodruff to make out manded. He ordered Woodruff to make out 1,000 shares of stock of railroad and deliver them. This he did. Woodruff also testified to the destroying of the stock ledger by order of Ivzs, and the statement of the latter that if it fell into outside hands the overissue would be apparent. The witness also testified to receiving from Iyes 2,300 shares of stock for caucollation. The district attorney then sailed the witness questions should then asked the witness questions about entries in his stock ledger. The witness said he kept entries of all these transactions in a small book, which represented the com-plete and accurate record of the issue of stock. The entries which recorded the fraudulent certificates were then read to the jury, after being first identified by the wit-

Beginning to morrow the court will hold faily sessions. daily sessions.

After recess witness stated that 2,300 shares were subsequently handed him by Ives for the purpose of cancelling old stock, which he did. Twenty of these certificates were identified by Woodruff. These were not recorded because there was less stock available for excellation than would suffice to counterbalance the over issue. Woodruff told how he and Ives copied off names with the aid of a stock transfer book, and created a new set of certificates, purporting to be the ones remaining out, and showed them to Mr. Burns, the bank official, as outstanding certificates.

THE CRONIN CASE.

Another Kick by the Defense on the Jury Selection. CHICAGO, Sept. 16 .- When the Cronin trial

vas resumed this morning Lawyer Forrest' for the defense, on behalf of Dan Coughlin, challenged the special venire of jurymen on the ground that the regular panel had not yet been exhausted. He said that in the trials of McDonald and McGarigle, in the trials of McDonald and McGarigle, in the celebrated boodler trial, which resulted in their conviction, that every two weeks they had a regular panel, which was used up before the special venire was resumed. "We are entitled to have a regular panel every two weeks," said Forrest, "and I demand it."

After a brief discussion, Judge McConnell said: "So far as Mr. Forrest's suggestions are concerned, I see nothing in them whatever. I believe that this court is sitting as a separate branch, and controlled independent separate branch, and controlled independent of all other branches. A particular judge of the criminal court had undertaken to the criminal court had undertaken to find a jury in this case, and having no panel at that time he has undertaken to get a jury by special venire. It is proper for him to continue to the end with summons by special venire upon citizens of the county for jury service. At the same time if the regular panel were in here, I would not hesitate for a moment to tender them to you gentlemen for selection. At the same time gentlemen for selection. At the same time it would only be proforma. I think without any doubt, that we have a right to proceed to the end and get a jury by special venire, But I am so anxious to get a jury that I will proceed to any end in order to do so." The court then overraled the challenge and stated if later on, the defense wanted that panel brought from the other room they could have it. Messrs. Donohue and Foster also formally made the same motion on be-

Beggs. It was overruled and the customar; exception taken. BUCKNER IN EARNEST.

The Roughs in Harlem County, Kentucky Get a Warning. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 16 .- Governor Buckner has dispatched two companies of state troops to Harlem county to aid in preserving the peace during the coming session of court, the presiding judge naving complained of the luke warmness of some of the civil officers in the prosecution of cases, owing to threats from bodies of de speradoes who have been running affairs in that re-The governor has issued a proclamaion to the people of Harlem county calling attention to these facts and advising them that the tare not sent to take away any of their rights, but to aid in enforcing laws made by their own representatives and because the "civit officers sworn to uphold the laws not only refuse to do so, covert assistance to the criminal classes Murders are perpetrated with impunity and the people have permitted themselves to so terrified by the lawless acts of a few individuals as to have refused obedience to the civil authorities in their efforts to arrest criminals." The gov-ernor calls upon the citizens to respond promptly to the summons of the authorities, to obey them implicitly in their attempts to arrest and to bring to speedy justice, or if resisted by force, to "shoot down, under orders of the authorities, the

to your civilization." A VIRTUOUS SPASM.

assassins whose lawless acts are a reproach

The Chicago Bar Association After Disceputable Divorce Attorneys, CHICAGO, Sept. 16 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Chicago Bar association is afflicted with one of its periodical spasms of virtue and has started out on a crusade against the disreputable divorce attorneys of the city. The association has decided to take action against Charles J. Beattle, the notorious divorce lawyer, and if possible have him disbarred. They have retained Lawyer H. H. C. Miller to prosecute the matter. The grounds upon which the asso-ciation will demand that Beattle be excluded from the profession are furnished by Gordon divorce case, tried before Judge Jamieson. Beattie secured a fraudulent divorce decree for Mrs. Cordon by the pro-May 5 last, when the railroad company at-tempted to lay tracks on the lands of Noan duction of witnesses who voluntarily per-jured themselves, and Judge Jamieson gave him a long jail sentence for contempt of court. Beattle appealed and his case is now under advisement in the appellate court The record in the contempt proceedings before Judge Jamieson will be appended to a petition from the Bar association for his disbarment and will be sent to the supreme court as soon as it can be prepared.

FOUNDERED IN MID-OCEAN. Awful Sufferings of the Orew of the

Garston. Toxqu, Sept. 16 .- The steamer Wainui has rought to this port the captain and crew of the British ship Garaton, Captain Davies, from Sydney, for San Francisco, which foundered in mid-ocean. The shipwreeked sailors were twenty-two days in an open boat without food or water. On the twentysecond day the men, driven to desperation by hunger and thirst, decided that one of their number must be sacrificed to save the lives of the others. They were casting lots to see who should be the victim when they signted Wallis island. The natives of sland assisted the exhausted men to and treated them in the kindest manner. The mission boat took them to Tonga.

Forger Collom Arraigned. MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 16 .- J. Frank Collom was arraigned in the criminal court this morning to answer to the charge of forgery, there being six separate indictments against him. Collom asked to have until Wednes-day to enter his plea. The trial promises to be the most sensational over held in this

NOT IN ENCAMPMENT FOR FUN

A Fact That Is Being Realized at Beatrice.

WHO WILL CAPTURE THE CUP?

A Question Agitating the Companies in Camp-Governor Thayer Will Inspect-All Around the State.

The National Guards. BEATRICE, Neb., Sept. 16 .- [Special to THE BEE,]-To-day's proceedings in Camp Grant have been devoid of anything of startling interest. The command has now got down to routine work, and the vigors of discipline are becoming manifest to the boys, who think they are in annual encampment just for fun. General Colby makes an excellent commander; there is none of the tinsel about his make up in camp. His quarters are modest, he wears a fatigue uniform, except when compelled to do otherwise, and stands the boring of newspaper representatives good naturedly. He is a stout disciplinarian and a hard drillmaster.

The competitive drill of infantry companies for the governor's challenge cup takes place Wednesday at 2 p. m. This cup, besides being valued by its holders as a recognition of superior efficiency, is a beautiful work of art. It is of solid silver-an immense cup, mounted upon a pedestal. An eagle surmounts the cup, and upon the base two soldiers kneel in position of "aim." Upon one side of the cup is the legend: "This cup is given as a prize to the best drilled company of the Nebraska National Guard at their encampment August 4, 1883, and it is to be held subject to similar competitive drill at future en-campments." On the opposite side: "The Governor's Challenge Cup, presented by James W. Dawes, governor of Nebraska and commander-in-chief of the Nebraska National

Guard, at Crete, August 21, 1883."

The cup was first won by Company E, of Fremost, in 1883. The Geneva company secured it two years later. In 1886 Company C, of Beatrice, gained it, in 1887 the Fremont company again won it, and a year ago its present holders, Company D, Second regi-ment, of Fairbury, gained possession of it. To compete for this cup a company must have twenty-four men in line. Company D will not surrender it without a struggle, and it is understood a number of the companies will enter the lists as competitors. Those who wish to see the companies at their best should not fail to witness this competitive

A change has been made for to-morrow's programme. Instead of brigade drill there will be a grand review and inspection by Governor Thayer. General Colby this morn-ing received a communication from the governor that he would arrive in camp Grant this evening, and that it is his desire to in-spect the troops to-morrow afternoon. It is altogether likely that the march to town will take place, as announced herstofore.

The sham buttle will take place Thursday afternoon. The entire brigade, including the cavalry and artillery companies, will participate, and a thrilling spectacular event is promised.

There are already many strangers in the city aside from the national guards. The boys are conducting themselves very credit-ably, a little wild at times, but are generally circumspect and orderly.

The health of the command is excellent and sick call meets very few responses. There were but three responses this morning, and they for trifling causes. The water of the camp is excellent, and but little com-

plaint is made on that account.

The following general order was read at half of their citents, O'Sullivan, Kunze and parade this evening: In compliance with section 40 chapter 50 military code, the following officers are appointed as an examining board: Lieutenant Colonel John P. Pratt, First regiment; Lieutenant Colonel Harry S. Hotchkiss, in-spector general Major W. W. Wolcott, First regiment; Major George Cross, Second regi-ment; Captain A. J. Glick, First regiment.

Will Review the Troops. Beatrice, Neb., Sept. 16.-[Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-Governor Thayer arrived in the city this afternoon and will remain until after Thursday. He will review the National Guard at Camp Grant tomor-

Doings of Three Parties

OSCEOLA, Neb., Sept. 16 .- [Special to Tire Bee. |-The prohibitionists of Polk county held their county convention at the court house in Osceola, last Saturday, and nominated the following named persons for county officers:

Treasurer, N. S. Michener; sheriff, J. A. Jackson; clerk, C. T. Bloom; judge, A. E. Mills; superintendent of schools, Miss Valette: coroner, Dr. Wiarch.

The democrats went through the farce of holding a county convention last Saturday and indersed or nominated the whole ticket as put in the field by the union labor party a few weeks ago, which had more thorough bred democrats on than anything else. Here ofore the union labor party was the dog with the democratic tail, but instead of that log wagging it's tail the democratic tail wags The county republican central committee

neld a meeting on Saturday and agreed to hold their county convention next Saturday

The Vacancy Filled. PENDER, Neb., Sept. 16.- Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-For several weeks Thurston county has been without a clerk, occasioned by the resignation of A. C. Abbott at the time of the preliminary hearing of the Indians charged with the murder of young Benjamin, since when there has been much speculation as to who would re-ceive the appointment. The county commissioners, two democrats and one republican, met to-day and appointed J. F. Myers, re-publican, to fill the vacancy.

A Big Yield, NEHAWKA, Neb., Sept. 16 .- [Special to THE BEEA-Figures compiled from the work of three threshing machines make the average yield of small grain in southern Cass northern Otoe countles as follows: Wheat, 19 bushels per acre; oats, 37½; barley, 25; rye, 25. This we consider a good big average. Corn is heavy and the best crop for years, but we will not hazard a guess on the yield until we hear of some being gathered.

In Favor of Probibition.

Holdinger, Neb., Sept. 16.- Special to THE BEE.] -At the republican county convention to-day every township was represented. George P. Rhea and John P. Nelson were re-nominated for judge and clock by acclamation, J. A. Ruby on the account builds was nominated for sheriff; Axle Hall. Green for treasurer on the fifth ballot, and Mins Hopwood for superintendent on the fourth The convention sent a delegation in-

structed for McPheely, of Minden. Strong prohibition resolutions were adopted and detegrates were sent to the state convention to correspond. It is not a solid Law delega-tion on the second choice.

Church Dedication.

BEATRICE, Neb., Sept. 16 .- | Special Telegram to Tue Ben. |- The newly remodeled Christian church of this city was formally dedicated vesterday, Rev. F. M. Rains, of Topeka, Kansas, delivered the dedicatory sermon. Eleven hundred deliars was raised by subscription at the services to assist in paying off the dept contracted in remodeling the church.

A Valuable Find Hastings, Neb., Sept. 16.- Special Tele-

gram to THE BEE. |- Hastings is much elated

over the fact that at a depth of 250 feet in the well now boring for gas a bed of yellow ochre thirty feet deep has been struck. Re ports claim it equal to any now on the mar-ket, and it mixes readily with oil. This alone, if developed, will add much to Hastings' prosperity.

THE NAGUE CASE.

The Deputy Out on His Own Recognizance.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16.-Judge Sawyer, in the United States circuit court, this morn ing rendered a decision in the habeas corpus case of Deputy Marshal David Nagle, and discharged Nagle from custody. A bill of exceptions filed by coursel for the state was allowed by the court, and pending appeal to the United States supreme court Nagle was ordered released on his own recognizance with bonds fixed at \$5,000.

The decision is very long. It gives a review of the circumstances of the past year, including the threats of Terry and his wife, which culminated in the recent tragedy. In commenting on the subject of jurisdiction

commenting on the subject of jurisdiction Judge Sawyer says:

"There is no conflict between the authority of the state and the United States. The state in such cases is subordinate and the national government is paramount. There can be no doubt that the jurisdiction of the United States is not affected by reason of the location where the homicide occurred. The main questions which the court con-The main questions which the court considers are:
"1. Was the homicide committed by the

petitioner while acting in the discharge of the duty imposed upon him by the constitu-tion and the laws of the United States!" "2. Was the homicide necessary or was it reasonably apparent to the mind of the petitioner at the time and under the circumstances then existing that the killing was necessary in order to a complete and full discnarge of his duty!

"The court declares that the marshal is a peace officer, so far as keeping the in any any matter wherein the sovereignty of the United States is concerned, and he has all the powers of a sheriff as to such matters. "The court further declares that only a United States marshal could have performed the duty of protecting Fields, the use of state police being impracticable, as the powers of a sheriff would have eaded at the borders of his own country.'

Judge Sawyer states: "After mature consideration we reached the conclusion that the homicide in question was committed by the petitioner while acting in the discharge of a duty imposed upon him by the constitution and laws of the United States." Judge Sawyer says he has seen some adverse criticism to the effect that Nagle fired

too quickly, and on this subject closed as fol-"Nagle was on the scene of action facing the party making the murderous assault Knowing by personal experience his physical powers and his desperate character, and by general reputation his lifelong habit of carrying arms in readiness to use them, and his angry murderous threats, and seeing his domoniae looks, his stealthy assault from behind, and remember-ing the sacred trust committed to his charge, Nagle, in these trying circumstances was the party to determine when the moment for action had come, and if he honestly acted with reasonable judgment and discretion, the law justifies him even if he erred. But who will have the courage to stand up in the pres-ence of the facts developed by the testimony in the case and say he fired the smallest fraction of a second too soon. In our own judg-ment he acted under the trying conditions surrounding him in good faith and with consummate courage, judgment and discretion. The homicide was, in our opinion, clearly justifiable in law and before the tribunal of

sound practical common sense, commenda LEO'S SUCCESSOR.

Monsignor Zigitara Generally Conceded to Be the Man.

(Copuright 1889 by James Gor Ion Bonnett.) Rome, Sept. 16.-INew York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE. |- I forecasted the candidacy of Mgr. Zieliara to succeed Leo XIII. It is now a public matter. His eminence is the youngest of the college cardinals, being only in his fifty-sixth year. He was born at Bonifacio Corsica and took orders as a dominican monk. The Italians affeet to look upon Zigliara as the candidate of the French government. Although born in Corsica, his eminence has always repudiated his French citizenship. His candidacy is supported by the dominicans and also by the jesuits, who at first were inclined to support Cardinal Parocchi. He is also on the best of terms with Leo XIII. The most formidable of the competitors of Zigliara for the triple grown is Monsignor Sanfelice, cardinal archbishop of Naples, who is backed up by the Italian government. The party of conciliation in the Sacred college favors Cardinal Monaco De

Will Pummet Each Other.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Sept. 16 .- [New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. 1-Yesterday articles were signed between Frank Slavin of Australia, and Jem Smith, England, to fight under London prize ring rules for stakes of from £200 to £1000. The fight to take place outside of England within three months. Two thousand pounds on the part of each was deposited.

STRIKERS DISCONTENTED.

The Dockmen Refuse to Work With "Blacklegs." LONDON, Sept. 16 .- Most of the strikers resumed work this morning. It is expected that work on all the docks will be in full swing to-morrow. A thousand unemployed lock laborers are waiting at the gates of the

docks. They threaten violence against the men who are employed to take their places and whom the directors of the dock companies now refuse to discharge. Much ill feeling exists between the dock saborers and the men who took the place of the strikers, and the dock men refuse to work with them. Several encounters have already occurred between them. Many of

the dock suborers protest that the leaders of the strike had no right to agree to the proposal that the strikers should work with these men. The situation is regarded as being so scrious that a meeting of the joint dock committee, the consideration commit tee and the leaders of the strike have been

called to convene immediately.

At a meeting to night, Burns said the treaty with the workmen had been broken by subordinate officials of the dock companies and that unless the agreement with the men was kept there would be another strike. The directors of the dock companies had assured him they would provent any un-fair preference being shown and the ship owners had decided to pay the fares of dacklegs and send them home.

Latest Advices From Samos. Toxox, Sept 16.-The latest advices from Samea are that Malietoa was quietly re stored to power and he and Mataafe have gone to the island of Monons, where they re main until the decision of the Berlin confer-ence has been confirmed. The German con-sul at Apia notified Tamasese that Germany ed from giving support to any party on the island.

Steam htp Arrivals. At New York-The Denoma, from Glas-

At Glasgow-The State of Pennsylvania, from New York; the Lord Lansdowne, from

At Southampton-The Eibe, from New York for Bremen.
At Rotterdani-The Ohio, from Ballimore.

Baltimore

At Haltimore-The Maryland, form Lon-

A BULLET IN HIS FOREHEAD.

William Eick, of Halbur, Iowa, Found

Dead Near the Depot. KILLED BY THE STATION AGENT.

An Excited Body of Citizens Follow

the Murderer to Carroll-Something of a Sensation Created at the Billings Trial.

A Prominent Citizen Shot.

CARROLL, In., Sept. 16,-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-About 8 o'clock this evening the people of the quiet tittle village of Halbur, eight miles south of here, heard a pistol shot in the direction of the depot, and a passer-by, stopping to ascertain the cause, was horrified to find the body of a man lying lifeless on the track in front of the depot with the blood flowing from a large builet hole in his forehead. Raising up the man's head he recognized the features of William Eick, a prominent grain buyer of that place. Overcome by the sight he hurriedly gave the news. In the means time Station Agent Ish, of Haibur, procured a team and started hurriedly for Carroll to give himself up to the authorities. Learning this, the excited citizens hurriedly organized a posse and started in pursuit, but failed to overtake him. They are here in Carroll and very ing to learn further particulars.

The body of Eicke still lies where he fell.
He leaves a wife and three children. No cause was given for the shooting but Ish claims it was needeental.

The Billings Trial,

WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 16.-[Special Tele-gram to The Bee.]-The attorneys for the state created somewhat of a sensation this afternoon by the statement that they had discovered that a portion of the minutes of the testimony taken before the coroner's inquest was missing. The part gone consists of the testimony of papers that were found on his person the night of the tragedy. Cor-oner Ford was recalled, and stated that at the inquest Billings said that the confession and forged affluavit was to frighten Kingsley into signing the notes and mortgages. The other testimony today was simply corroborative of minor points in the testimony of previous witnesses.

A Fiendish Crime Frustrated.

Mason City, Ia., Sept. 16 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Yesterday afternoon a fiendish crime was attempted by Enock Moore upon his step sister, aged five years, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kittleson, Moore is a son of Mrs. Kittleson by her mare riage with Dave Moore, better known as "Peck's Bad Boy," who committed suicide at Emmetsburg, after having escaped from the jail here, where he was incarcerated as an incendiary. He is nineteen years af age and was for nine years an inmate of the asylum for the feeble minded at Glenwood, Saturday Mrs. Kittleson called on a neigh-Saturday Mrs. Kittleson called on a neighbor, leaving the little girl at home, requesting the neighbor's child to run over and play with her girl during her absence. The child went, but soon came running back to announce that Moore was at the house and had driven her away. Mrs. Kittelson rightly conjectured that Moore was there for no honest purpose, hastened to the house to find him having the child on the bed and his hand on her mouth to prevent her cries from being heard. She drove the fiend away and a who was found considerably bruised but not seriously injured.

A Decrease in Convicts. DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 16.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The biennial report of the warden of the Fort Madicon penitentiary was filed with the governor to-day. It makes a surprising showing of the decrease in prison population in this state. There is some contract labor carried on at Fort Madison to keep the prisoners busy, but it was found last year that the number of convicts was falling off so fast that there were not men enough to keep the contracts going, so thirtytwo counties from northwestern lows were added to the district tributary to Fort Madison, giving it seventy six out of the ninetynine counties in the state, and yet with that large district to draw from there are now out 380 prisoners in the pentientiary at Fort

Madison. Democratic Politicians Consult. WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 16 - Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - A number of prominent democratic politicians from different parts of the state were in the city to-day in consultation with Hon. Horace Boies. Among others were Judge Kinne, of Toledo, Hon. J. J. Richardson, of Davenport, and Hon. M. M. Ham. of Dubuque. It is believed here to night that Mr. Boies will be nominated by the democrats for governor at their convention Wednesday, practically without op-

position. Farally Burned.

DUBUQUE, In., Sept. 16 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Mrs. John Hilson was fatally burned here this morning. Her clothes caught fire from a cook stove around which she was working and she ran into the street and rolled in the dust. A neighbor threw a pail of water over her, extinguishng the flame, but she was so badly burned that she will die.

Switchman Killed at Creston. CRESTON, Ia., Sept. 16. - [Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Charles M. Hall, a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy switchman, was killed in the Creston yards while on duty to-night, eing caught between two cars which ran dose together at a switch. His body was rushed beyond recognition. Hall was twenty-two years old and leaves a wife,

A Bad Book-Ke per. Sioux Ciry, Ia., Sept. 16 .- Special Telegram to THE BER.]-E. E. Goodlove, who has been bookkeeper for Crockett & Simons, a live stock commission house, last Saturday night secured about \$400 on forged checks and fied. He is also short in his accounts

with the firm. "OLD HUTCH" HELD UP.

Two Footpads Go Through Him and Get Nothing. Cmcago, Sept. 16 -"Old Hutch," the great manipulator of the grain market, was the victim of footpads early this morning. He had just left his office, where he spent the night, presumably devising some new scheme for a squeeze on the board of trade,

and was quietly sauntering home. At the corner of Vanliaren street and Pacific avenue the old gentleman was suddealy accosted by two tough looking men who demanded his money or his life. Hutchnson threw up his hands without a murmur while the highway men searched his pockets. They found nothing, so "Old Hutch" claims. The thieves escaped.

Famine in Abyssinia. Massowan, Sept. 16 .- A famine prevails throughout Tigre, a state of Abyssinia. Bands of starving peasants are ravaging the country around Sokota.

The Weather Forecast.

Nebraska and Iowa. Fair, variable winds, tationary temperature except in northern Nebraski, warmer. Dakota. Fair, slightly warmer, winds shifting to southerly.